iGEM 2012

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http://2012.igem.org/Team:UC_Davis_E

Our Pitch

Yolo Plastics focuses on reducing the cost of recycling plastic pollutants by engineering microorganisms to convert plastic waste into biomass and high-value chemicals, promoting a more sustainable plastics industry.

The Problem: Environmental

- The Pacific Gyre patch has a mass of 100 million tons.
 - 90% of oceanic pollution is plastic
 - 80% of which comes from land
 - 20% from vessels.
- Contamination ranges:
 - leachate leaking in landfills
 - toxn in marine foodchain
 - harmful greenhouse gases
 - Chemical leaking causes diseases in food/liquid containers
- 200,000 albatross killed per year along with other animals.





The Problem: Economical

Collisions with floating or submerged waste objects

269 boating accidents,

15 deaths

116 injuries

3 million dollars in damage.

California spends \$72 million per year to collect and dispose of one-time use disposable cups and bags.

California spends \$52.2 million for beach cleanups.

In total, the current annual costs to public agencies for litter prevention, cleanup, and disposal is \$375.2 million.

Currently, recycling is the epitome of inefficiency, utilizing an ironic 4,000,000 kilojoules of energy to

Our Solution and its Value

Bacteria will degrade PET, an abundant plastic, into Terephthalic Acid (PTA) and Ethylene Glycol

Recycling mixed materials

Value: We will degrade more efficiently than most recycling and landfill facilities, especially high cost high energy mixed material methods

Synthetically grown plastics

Value: No more use of chemical and petroleum processes

Ethylene glycol can be used as a carbon source for bacteria

Value: Bacteria can live off of PET

TPA or Purified TPA (PTA) can be reused for synthetic materials

Value: TPA will be reintegrated as a recycled bioplastic for other PET products.

Market

Incentives

- Company marketing/PR
- Tax incentives and Legislative benefits
 - CalRecycle
- Sustainability
- Green industry is growing
 - Bioplastics are in high demand along with synthetically made materials
- "Going green" allow companies to distinguish themselves as more progressive, allowing them

Customers

Plant PET Technology Collaborative:

Coca Cola, Nike, Ford, Proctor & Gamble, Heinz

Synthetic Material Producers

Shaw Carpets Mohawk Industries Waste Management Yolo Landfill

Waste Connections

		<u> andscape</u>			
	Bioplastic/ Chemical Production	Waste Treatment	Inorganic Degradation	Methane cultivation	Non synthet Chemic Process
Your Company	✓	✓	✓		***************************************
Waste Management		✓		✓	√
Yolo County Landfill	***************************************	✓		✓	√
Earth 911	********	✓	✓		✓
Metabolix	✓				√
Genomatica	✓				✓

Business Model

Revenue Scheme

Utility: Customers that have mixed synthetic materials or in need of disposing waste

Synthetic, cheap, efficient recycling

Current methods are uneconomical and energy intensive

Unit Sales: Sale of TPA to bioplastic and materials producers

Wide customer base due to variability of our product

Analogs:

MicroMidas

Cost and Pricing

Cost of Proof of Concept:

\$30,000

Includes Fixed Cost

Cost of Licencing: ~\$20,000

(can be cut if partnered with

UC)

Cost of Facility: 1 million dollars

(can be cut if brought if partnered with other plant)

Cost of disposing 1 ton in landfill: \$200

TPA sells for \$1400 per metric ton

(Need current cost of

Froduct, Frice, Fromotion, Place

Product	We provide a way to safely and easily degrade PET into monomers that can then be recycled into either PET or other biodegradable products
Price	Price per ton of plastic needed to decomposed Price per unit of TPA produced.
Promotion	Through environmental organizations and gather public support by showing conscientious energy and waste disposal
Place	Either in a facility in which we sell our process and provide and service to companies who wish to obtain TPA or degrade their waste.

Technology

We are engineering bacteria to overproduce a enzyme that is known to degrade PET into ethylene glycol and terepthalic acid (PTA).

We are working to optimize existing metabolic pathways that can use ethylene glycol as a carbon source, allowing bacteria to live off of plastic alone.

Engineered strains will be able to convert PTA into PHA, a bioplastic of higher value than PET.

We plan to optimize these pathways so that degradation and production is possible at the landfill level. This will be a new and effective way to take a cheap feedstock, PET, and break it into PHA in maketable quantities.

We are developing this technology with researchers at the University of California, Davis and with advising

Milestones

Milestone 1: See if cells thrive off of PET, with TPA remaining (small scale) 2 months

Milestone 2: Gain initial funding off of results 4 months

Milestone 3: Test on mixed plastic products or common materials 5 months

Milestone 4: Test in bioreactor 6 months

Milestone 5: Gain funding to test on industrial scale 7-9 months

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The Team

Board of Directors

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Researchers

Our amazing UC Davis iGEM Team http://2012.igem.org/Team:UC_Davis/Team

The Team

Advisory Board

name	relevant skills and experiences
Peter Matlock	Biotechnology Business Development and Entrepreneurship
Jon Bissell	CEO of MicroMidas
Tom Hinds	Director of Marketing UC Davis
Waste Management Advisor	Manager in Waste Management that has experience with bioreactors and landfill characteristics
Recycling Facility Advisor	Senior Partner of recycling facility that understands that costs and logistics of recycling
Environmental Agency Advisor	Public relations officer, experience with raising funds and awareness
Biotechnology Expert Advisor	Partner of biotechnology firm that understands the science, industry, and field of bioremediation

Summary and Next Steps

FINANCIAL PROJECTIONS AND PRICING!!